

## Topic Test 1 (20 minutes)

Numerical methods - Higher

**1** Use trial and improvement to solve  $x^3 + 2x = 90$ Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

Complete the table.

[4 marks]

x	$x^3 + 2x$	Comment
3	33	Too low

*x* = \_\_\_\_

A solid is formed by a cube of side x cm and a cuboid with a square cross section of side 2 cm and a height of x cm
 The volume of the solid is 270 cm<sup>3</sup>

Use trial and improvement to work out the value of x. Give your answer to 1 decimal place.



Complete the table.

[4 marks]

x	$x^3 + 4x$	Comment
7	371	Too high

The quadratic equation  $x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$  can be rearranged to  $x^2 = 2x + 6$  $x = \pm \sqrt{2x + 6}$  $u_{n+1} = +\sqrt{2u_n + 6}$  can be used to find the positive root. The iteration 3 (a) Start with  $u_1 = 3$ 3 (a)(i) Write down u<sub>2</sub> and u<sub>3</sub> to 4 decimal places. U<sub>2</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_ U<sub>3</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_ Answer  $u_{n+1} = -\sqrt{2u_n + 6}$  can be used to find the negative root. The iteration Start with  $u_1 = -2$ U<sub>2</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_ U<sub>3</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_ 3 (b)(ii) Use your calculator to continue the iteration to find the negative root to 3 decimal places. Answer \_\_\_\_\_

[2 marks]

3 (a)(ii) Use your calculator to continue the iteration to find the positive root to 3 decimal places. [1 mark]

3 (b)

**3 (b)(i)** Write down u<sub>2</sub> and u<sub>3</sub> to 4 decimal places.

3

[2 marks]

[1 mark]

**3 (c)** The quadratic equation  $x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$  has exact roots of  $1 + \sqrt{7}$  and  $1 - \sqrt{7}$ Evaluate  $1 + \sqrt{7}$  and  $1 - \sqrt{7}$  to 3 decimal places.

[1 mark]

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_

4 The equation  $x^3 + 2x^2 - 5 = 0$  can be rearranged in the following way

$$x^{3} + 2x^{2} - 5 = 0$$
  

$$x^{2}(x + 2) - 5 = 0$$
  

$$x^{2} = \frac{5}{x + 2}$$
  

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{5}{x + 2}}$$

Use the iteration

Write down the first 3 iterations and the solution to 3 decimal places

 $u_{n+1} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{u_n + 2}}$  with  $u_1 = 2$ 

[3 marks]



